The 3 Purposes of Reducer

Reducers are made from a combination/blend of solvents that provide different performance and application characteristics, such as:

- Chemical strength to reduce the viscosity of high solids resins
- Evaporate at different rates during the application process
- Alter the product's application characteristics (i.e. flow, coverage, etc)

The three types/blends of solvent used to make reducer:

Туре	Role
Front-end Solvents	Thins the resins in the paint to allow it to
	be applied with refinish spray equipment.
	Front solvent <i>evaporates quickly after</i>
	leaving the spray gun.
Middle Solvents	Remains with atomized paint in order to
	provide initial adhesion and leveling (flow)
	of paint once it reaches substrate. Middle
	solvent <i>evaporates quickly after reaching</i>
	the panel.
Tail Solvents	Remains with applied product to finish the
	leveling (flow) process as well as insure
	chemical adhesion to previous products.
	Tail solvent <i>evaporates last during the</i>
	drying/curing process.

-Correct solvent choice is a must for trouble free automotive refinish application

-90% of all paint related problems are due to wrong solvent choice